



ALEXANDRIA, VA.
THURSDAY EVENING, JANUARY 8.

PRESIDENT HARRISON is as much of a snout and blunder of consistency as Com. Cameron. He is a man of no account, who says a modern politician cannot afford to be consistent. Toward the close of Mr. Harrison's second term, he made a speech on the alleged oppression of the negroes in the South, in which he reiterated the old truth that no law can be enforced in a community the popular sentiment of which is opposed to it. Of late, however, if not yet, he has been engaged in a revolutionary attempt to have the Force bill passed, a bill that is not only obnoxious to the people of the South, but to a majority of 800,000 of the voters of the whole country, and two million majority of the white voters.

No wonder Senators Sherman, Hoar and Edmunds were affronted at the recent speech of their party colleague, Senator Teller, for the latter spoke of the former as an "accidental" Secretary of the Treasury, referring, of course, to the fraudulent character of the Hayes administration, under which Mr. Sherman held that position, and in the perpetration of which fraud Messrs. Hoar and Edmunds, as members of the infamous eight of the electoral commission, were among the chief conspirators. The title to fame possessed by Senators Hoar and Edmunds will rest entirely upon the prominent part they took in the Hayes fraud, the monumental fraud of the world's history.

GENERAL LEE'S birthday, the 19th inst., is a legal holiday in Virginia and in several other southern States, by State law. In most of the cities of the State and of the other States referred to the day will be appropriately celebrated. Has anything been done toward celebration here, the town in which the General went to school, and the court house town of the county in which his wife was born and raised, and in which he and his family lived until the breaking out of the war between the States? A city lacking in sentiment is like a woman without a heart.

IF CLERK McPHERSON of the U. S. House of Representatives were possessed of as much authority as Clerk Jewett of the New Hampshire legislature, the next House would be organized by the republicans, notwithstanding the fact that the people have elected a democratic House by 800,000 majority. Fortunately, Senator Chandler will not be as potent in the organization of the lower branch of the next Congress as he has been in the organization of the New Hampshire legislature, or as he was in effecting the Presidential fraud in 1876.

THE REPORTS from the scene of the Indian war are of the most contradictory character. According to them, the U. S. troops, on one day, have the Indians completely surrounded except at a single point, and that so well guarded that none can possibly escape; but on the next one the troops are in such danger of being massacred and scalped that they are throwing up entrenchments to preserve themselves from such a miserable fate.

REPRESENTATIVE TURNER of Kansas, republican, has just been detected in an attempt to buy the U. S. Senate from his State. Messrs. Pomeroy and Ingalls were detected in similar attempts some years ago, the former being convicted, and the latter acquitted by a Scotch verdict. John Brown's State is keeping up its reputation.

As the report that Mr. Parnell has been deposited from the leadership of the Irish home rulers, be true, that party is in better luck than it has been for many years.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 8, 1880. Notwithstanding the fact that Senator Hoar says the Force bill is dead and the republican party disrupted, wary democrats are suspicious that the republicans in the Senate intend, as soon as the financial bill is disposed of in that body, to attempt some stroke by which to rush through the Force bill. This suspicion is strengthened by the fact that Senators Edmunds and Sherman, and other republicans want to hurry through the financial bill as soon as possible, and by the additional fact that Mr. Speaker Keed and other prominent republicans in the House express the belief that an extra session of Congress will be held, and that it will meet on the 18th of March. There would be no necessity for an extra session if the republicans would leave political matters alone and go on with the consideration of the regular appropriation bills, and their delay in the latter is supposed to indicate that they will consume so much time on the former that the requisite bills for carrying on the government will not be passed by the 4th of March, and thus therefore an extra session must be held.

In the House to-day General Lee presented the petitions of James H. Munroe of Fauquier county, and John W. Eggle of Dumfries, Virginia, for the reference of their claims for damages inflicted by federal soldiers during the war, to the court of claims. General Lee has also been requested by Mr. P. B. Pendleton of Louisiana county to have mail facilities increased at Cooke, in that county; also a request from Alexandria, Virginia, for furnished gold fish from the fish commission.

The flag on the Department of Justice was half-mast to-day out of respect to the memory of ex-Archbishop General Devens, of Massachusetts, and the Department will be closed on the day of his funeral. The people at local railroad schemes seem to think the bill for the Washington and Arlington Railroad may get through, as it is on the calendar of the House and will probably pass the Senate at an early date. An

attempt may be made to call it up in the morning hour of that body to-morrow. Gen. Lee was watching for an opportunity to-day to call up the bill to allow the Falls Church and Potomac Railroad to pass through the government reservation at Arlington.

Senator Stanford of California received a dispatch this morning to the effect that he had been unanimously nominated for reelection by the republican caucus of the legislature of his State. There had never been any doubt that this would be so since the election of the legislature, as the republican majority in that body was elected by Mr. Stanford.

Elliot F. B. Banker of Lynchburg, Va., was to-day appointed a storekeeper and tanner in the internal revenue service.

As stated in a previous paragraph, Mr. Hoar's newspaper men that the Force bill is dead, but it is not known that he and the other members of the South-branch in Congress and Mr. John I. Davenport have been in consultation for several days past on that bill, and the prevalent opinion at the Capitol to-day on the subject is that the bill will not be dead until after another and a more revolutionary attempt shall have been made to pass it and shall have failed.

The only change in the fourth class portfolios of Virginia that was made to-day: Bond's Mill, vice county, J. T. Hayes appointed postmaster, vice W. Stedman, resigned.

The receipts at the Treasury to-day from internal revenue and customs amounted to nearly one million seven hundred and fifty dollars. This sum is paid to the people of the country and is paid by the people of the country.

Governor McKinney is in favor of a State oyster commission.

Mr. John D. Kelley, father of Hon. Anthony M. Kelley, died in Norfolk, yesterday.

General Mahone, of Petersburg, will probably be the next president of the Atlantic and Danville Railroad.

The jury in the Parrott suit against the Richmond and Danville railroad failed to agree in Danville yesterday.

A called meeting of the trustees of the Seminary and High School will be held Jan. 15, in Richmond, to consider the interests of the High School and to attend to any other business that may be brought before the board.

James Parrott, an employee of the Richmond and Danville Railroad Company, was run over in North Danville yesterday and crushed to jelly. He was on a moving engine, and in some unaccountable manner fell off and under the wheels, meeting the fate above described.

There is in the possession of a family in Prince William an old clock, seven feet tall, which has the certificates of London clock makers showing that it has crossed the ocean three times for repairs. The Warrenton Virginian says it is over three hundred years old and has not been running for some time. It is strange, not true, that whenever anything extraordinary in the family happens the clock strikes. It recently, after a silence of years, struck on the day of and the day following the death of the lady of the house. The members of the family, who are not superstitious, account for it by the unusual crowd in the house jarring it and thus causing it to strike.

Indian Affairs. Last night General Miles at Pine Ridge Agency received information of the killing, near the hostile camp, of Lieut. Casey, of the Twenty-second Infantry, who had ventured to save the savages. Gen. Brooke, who sent this information, also reports heavy fighting in the direction of the hostile camp, and it is supposed that the Indians have attacked a division of the troops or fired upon a passing train.

President Harrison has directed the Secretary of War to investigate the condition of the Sioux, and to see that troops are massed to the Indian country for the protection of the agencies and the settlers.

There is much friction between the War and Interior Departments as to the proper method of dealing with the Indian problem. It is thought the trouble may result in the resignation of Secretary Noble.

The Assistant Commissioner of Indian Affairs has been directed to proceed to the Indian Territory and pay the Creeks the \$400,000 authorized by the last Congress for land.

The removal of Colonel Forsyth seems to have been the result of a misunderstanding all around and was largely due to the President's sentimental regrets that any blood should have been shed or that women and children should have been killed when the troops were unexpectedly attacked and could only defend themselves by firing into the crowd of Indians whose women and children were mingled with the men.

State Legislatures. As stated in the GAZETTE, the republicans organized the New Hampshire legislature yesterday with the aid of Clerk Jewett, who played a significant part in the election of a majority. Mr. Tuttle, the republican candidate for Governor, was declared elected, as was also the republican candidate for Secretary of State.

The deadlock in the Minnesota House of Representatives, which was inaugurated at Tuesday's opening, continued yesterday, when two ballots were taken, 40 votes being cast for the republican candidate for speaker, 40 for the democrat, and 24 for alliance men. The democratic-alliance forces organized the Senate.

No change is recorded in the Senatorial situation in South Dakota. The fusionists' combination is firm, the republicans being unable, as yet, to break the combination of the opposition. The situation is that the fusionists will have one majority on joint ballot but will try to seat fusion contestants in the House. The republicans expect to prevent this.

The Illinois House was organized yesterday by the election of Charles E. Crafts (dem.) for speaker by a seventy-five vote majority. The full House, composed of seventy-seven democrats, seventy-three republicans and three farmers responded to the roll call. In the Senate Senator M. W. Matthews (rep.) was known President pro tempore by a vote of 27 to 24.

The proceedings in the Nebraska legislature yesterday were of an extraordinary character. The Lieutenant Governor and the Speaker of the House, who is an independent, both claimed the right to preside over the joint committee to canvass the votes of State officers, and as neither would yield a deadlock followed. The democrats and republicans may unite against the independents and give the democrats the governor and the republicans the other State officers.

The Connecticut Legislature on opening yesterday was divided, the democrats organizing the Senate and the republicans the House. The Legislature is deadlocked on the election of Governor. The democratic Senate declared Luzon B. Morris elected, but the republican House refused to concur. The House added a new rule providing for a continuance of the legislative day in case of recess and subsequently took a recess till this morning, which will be reckoned by the clerk as a continuance of the first day. The Senate, after declaring the State officers elected, adjourned. A caucus of republican Senators and Representatives nominated O. H. Platt for Senator unanimously.

Democrats in the Massachusetts State Senate, yesterday, dividing that body evenly with the republicans, allowed the republicans to organize it, in order not to delay the inauguration of William E. Russell, the democratic Governor elect. The republicans control the House.

Salvation Oil cures and banishes all bodily pain instantly, and costs only twenty-five cents a bottle.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The International Monetary Conference met at Washington yesterday.

The Dempsey-Fitzsimmons prize fight will come off in New Orleans on Wednesday next.

A woman was found frozen to death in one of the most frequented thoroughfares in London yesterday.

John M. Tilford, of the great firm of Park & Tilford, died in New York yesterday to his 76th year.

It is expected that the body of Emma Abbott, who died in Salt Lake City on Monday, will be brought to Pittsburgh to be cremated.

The Japanese murderer Jigoro, who has been sentenced to death by electricity in New York, was granted an appeal yesterday.

Bishops Paret, William Leonard, Abiel Leonard and Dudley took part in a missionary meeting in Washington yesterday evening.

The trial of Rev. Howard B. M. Quay, an Episcopal minister, at Canton, Ohio, for heresy, was begun at Cleveland, Ohio, yesterday.

Senator Allison, when asked yesterday if he had any general appropriation bill ready to follow the financial measure, when it shall have passed, replied in the negative.

The sensation at Topeka, Kans., is the publication of a letter from Congressman E. J. Turner to Frank McGray, president of the Kansas Alliance, in which Turner offers \$5,000 to be elected United States Senator.

A terrible snowstorm, accompanied by winds of hurricane force, has been raging since yesterday on the Gulf of Trieste and along its shores. The severest cold weather known to the present generation now prevails in the olive-growing region of Italy.

The trial of Mr. Fouroux, mayor of Toulon, France, charged with being a party to a conspiracy to procure a criminal operation upon his mistress, Mme. Jonquieres, wife of Capt. Jonquieres, of the French navy, and daughter-in-law of Admiral Jonquieres, is in progress at Draguignan.

The U. S. Senate spent most of yesterday's session in debate on the financial bill. Senator Daniel and Plumb advocated the free coinage of silver and Senator Hisecock opposed it. Senator Daniel's speech was a strong and forcible one. The House spent most of the day considering the shipping bill.

Senator Hoar is being urged by the republican associates, including John I. Davenport and J. S. Clarkson, to make an effort to call up the Force bill again as soon as the pending silver legislation is disposed of. The argument used by the republicans is that the bill is so important that it should be given one more chance to vote on the floor.

The Senate, the anti-Force bill men say, will not take up the Force bill again ever temporarily. The Frank reappointment bill, already favorably reported by the census committee, is to be brought forward immediately after the financial bill shall have been disposed of. It is to be followed by the international copyright bill and the bill to relieve the Supreme Court, and that by the bankruptcy bill. If the appropriation bills have not already claimed the attention of the Senate. One thing is certain, they say, and that is that Hoar and Spooner cannot resurrect the Force bill.

Rev. J. Clark, colored, and his second wife, whose maiden name was Carrie Moss, were arrested yesterday in Dayton, Ohio, where the former has a Baptist church, charged with the murder of Clark's first wife four years ago, and were lodged in jail. The arrest was made upon the confession of Effie Taylor, a white woman, who killed her husband on Monday by taking strychnine. Clark's wife was given soaked parlor matches, bolted dog buttons, rough on rats, and, these falling, arsenic and quicksilver in a pie, from which the woman died. The bid, was so small that it was with difficulty got into a coffin, but as the husband was a minister no suspicion was aroused.

The conference of Irish leaders at Boulogne was concluded yesterday evening. Mr. O'Brien was empowered to ask Mr. McCarthy to retire from the chairmanship of the anti-Parnellite section in favor of John Dillon. Mr. O'Brien can have the chairmanship if he wants it. Mr. O'Brien and Mr. McCarthy are to have an interview at Boulogne to-day, when the final settlement of the subject will be made. Mr. Gladstone is understood to have recently approved the plan decided upon, and the Parnellites are said to be pledged to abandon Mr. Parnell if he proves ineffective in the pledges given. Mr. John Dillon has called from New York his approval of Mr. Parnell's temporary retirement in favor of Mr. O'Brien.

The Gazette. [From the Lynchburg Virginian].

On January 1st the ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE entered on its 92nd year, and has grown in strength and vigor with its years. It has kept pace with the times and there is none of the weaknesses of age about it. It is very much alive and does a large amount of kicking. If things don't go right the GAZETTE is pretty sure to be heard from, and they rarely seem to go right from its standpoint.

We congratulate our esteemed contemporary on its 92nd anniversary, and hope there are ninety-two more in store for it.

The Virginian comes next in point of age to the GAZETTE in the list of Virginia journals, and like its Alexandria contemporary still feels the throbs of vigorous life in its veins. It has recently enlarged its philosophy, put on a new dress, introduced new machinery, and is going to keep up with the procession in industrial, political and other matters. Our democracy may not lean backward and we may not wish to pay the entire State debt like our serious conferees on the right bank of the Potomac, but all the same we shall try to none in our zeal and our efforts for the true interests of our party and the State as we may see them.

Here's a health to you, then, good friend, and may you live long and prosper!

A DARING OPERATION.—Professor Hahn, in Berlin, has opened the side of a consumptive patient, who had been under treatment by the Koch method, and removed from a deep cavity in one of his lungs a necrotic tissue. The case was one of long standing, but, notwithstanding, the operation was a success. This is the fourth instance on record of such an operation being performed with favorable results.

Court of Appeals. Ludlow against city of Norfolk. Argued by Judge James E. Heath, J. F. Crocker, and Richard Walker for appellants, and A. T. Thom and W. H. White for appellees and submitted.

"Sum up at night what thou hast done by day," but it is of no consequence, unless your reckoning embodies a box of Old Salt's Catarrh Cure for your influenza.

"May your troubles only be little ones," and may you always have Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup handy said an old bachelor to a newly married couple.



Proceedings of Congress.
WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 8.
SENATE.

The presiding officer laid before the Senate a communication from the Secretary of the Interior giving the names and rank of officers of the army, navy and marine corps now drawing pensions. Referred.

On motion of Mr. Edmunds a resolution was adopted calling upon the Secretary of the Treasury for information as to what books and documents are in possession of his department relating to the late so-called Confederate States, and as to whether there is any legal objection to their being placed among the archives of the War Department.

A number of House bills were taken from the calendar and passed.

The finance bill was then taken up, and Mr. Stewart asked unanimous consent that a vote should be taken on the bill and amendments at 4 o'clock on Saturday.

Mr. Gorman expressed his surprise at the proposition. The amendment offered to the bill by the Senator from Nevada, (Mr. Stewart) had been described by the Senator from Ohio (Mr. Sherman) as one of the most revolutionary measures introduced in Congress, and that Senator had said that if the amendment were agreed to, the whole financial structure of the country would probably be overthrown. If the Senator from Ohio were correct in that matter, Senators ought to have time to deliberate, time to ascertain what was necessary to be done.

On the other hand, the Senator from Nevada (Mr. Stewart) had stated in the most emphatic way that the recommendations of the Senator from Ohio to the committee on finance were more destructive to the interests of the people than any proposition ever presented. There ought to be a disposition on both sides of the chamber to come together and consider the matter without regard to party. The haste displayed in the matter by the Senator from Nevada seemed to him most extraordinary. There was no desire on the democratic side to protract the consideration of the bill unduly.

Mr. Sherman said the proposition for the free coinage of silver was so much more important than any proposition that could be passed that the committee had felt disposed to surrender the control of the bill to the superior authority on the other side (supposed to be in favor of that proposition) together with the few Senators on his side, and to let them exercise their authority and the House exercise its authority. There was where the responsibility rested, at least as the matter now stood. He expected to stand in opposition to the free coinage proposition because he thought it a practical financial revolution of the whole system, and he did not think himself responsible for the bill as it was practically taken out of the hands of the committee.

After a tedious discussion on Mr. Stewart's proposition, unanimous consent was given to a proposition made by Mr. Ingalls to the effect that general debate on the finance bill shall close at the adjournment on Tuesday next; that then ten minutes of discussion shall be in order, and that the final vote on the bill and amendments shall be taken before the adjournment on Wednesday next.

Mr. Turpin then addressed the Senate in support of Mr. Stewart's amendment for the coinage of silver; and in the course of his remarks declared that it was impossible that the Senator from Ohio (Mr. Sherman) could take a fair, impartial, judicial view of that amendment.

HOUSE.
Mr. Lehigh, of New Jersey, asked unanimous consent for the consideration of a bill increasing to \$150,000 the limit of cost of the public building at Paterson, N. J.

Mr. Beckwith, of Arkansas, demanded the regular order—this being equivalent to an objection.

Mr. Buchanan, of New Jersey.—Well, the regular order will be continued during the remainder of the session.

In the morning hour Mr. O'Brien, of Pennsylvania called up and advocated a bill authorizing the issuance of certificates of service to telegraph operators who were with the union army during the war of the rebellion.

Mr. Carson, of Illinois, inquired whether this was not a step towards granting them man persons.

Mr. Osborne gave an emphatic denial. The bill was passed.

Mr. Wheeler called up the bill for the reorganization of the attendance department of the army staff.

Pending action the morning hour expired. The subsidy shipping bill was then taken up.

THE INDIANS.
BOISE CITY, Idaho, Jan. 8.—Advices received from Pocatello, Idaho, state that the Indians on the Fort Hall Reservation have been denouncing, and two hundred in war paint have taken to the mountains with arms.

SALT LAKE CITY, Jan. 8.—A dispatch received here this morning from Pocatello, Idaho, says the Indians are burning the town. Troops have been asked for from Boise City.

SPRINGFIELD, Neb., Jan. 8.—Chief Yellow Horse, formerly Lieutenant of the Indian police at Resbad agency, passed through yesterday with a considerable following. When asked if he was not afraid to meet the warring element of his tribe he replied: "No, we are all hostiles now."

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—General Schufeldt this morning received the following telegram from General Miles dated January 8th: "Seventy Indians came in from the hostile camp to-day and reports from them are that Red Coat, Little Wound, Two Strike, Big Red and others will come in to-morrow."

PORTLAND, Ore., Jan. 8.—Mosgro advises received here to-day confirm the report that Indians are burning Pocatello.

Foreign News.

PARIS, Jan. 8.—The death of Celine Montaland, the actress, is announced.

LONDON, Jan. 8.—Cable messages received here from Buenos Ayres to-day announce that a revolution has broken out in Chili.

BERLIN, Jan. 8.—The Frankfurter Zeitung to-day announces that the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, Frederick Francis III, has offered Prince Bismarck the Presidency of the Ministry of the Grand Duchy of Mecklenburg-Schwerin. Prince Bismarck is said to have declined the Grand Duke's offer. According to the story, Emperor William, upon hearing of the proposal, abandoned his proposed visit to Cannes.

GLASGOW, Jan. 8.—Though the railroad directors have repeatedly announced that the strike was practically over, there are in this neighborhood still about six thousand men out on strike.

LONDON, Jan. 8.—According to a dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company, Mr. Maurice Healy, in an interview, said that the Bologna conference had not been productive of any definite results.

Row in the Nebraska Legislature.
LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 8.—All doors of Representative Hall were closely guarded this morning and none but members of the Legislature and State officers were admitted. The alliance members took possession of the House at five o'clock in the morning. They placed the Speaker in the chair and put a cordon of assistant sergeants-at-arms around him.

When Lieut.-Gov. Mickeljohn appeared he was not allowed to take his seat. At 9 o'clock the Speaker issued an order for the arrest of the Lieutenant Governor on the charge of misconduct in office and breach of the peace. The Lieutenant Governor defied the officer and was not taken into custody. Gov. Thayer has ordered out a company of the National Guards and they have stacked arms in corridors of the capital.

A Fiendish Deed.
WINNEPEG, Man., Jan. 8.—The skeleton of a child in a standing position, its arms stretched out and wrists tied to two trees, has been found in the woods near Fort Saskatchewan, Manitoba. From circumstances surrounding the affair it is evident the lost boy had been offered as a sacrifice to secure luck in hunting by Indians. The savages had hung about the body bits of cloth and trinkets to propitiate the gods.

Violated the Statute.
BOISE CITY, Idaho, Jan. 8.—It is said warrants will be sworn out for the arrest of several members of the Idaho legislature, who were connected with the alleged Shoop-Dubois-McConnell combine, charging them with violating a statute by voting or promising to support any question in return for the support of another member on any question or matter.

An Important Discovery.
CINCINNATI, Jan. 8.—Bradford MacGregor, of this city, has succeeded, after numerous experiments, in making aluminum with glass. He claims this will create a revolution in the way of reducing the cost of incandescent lights, as it will take the place of platinum, which costs \$620 a pound, while the new discovery will not cost \$10.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEVITIES.
Hiram A. Tuttle, republican, was sworn in as Governor of New Hampshire this morning with the usual ceremonies.

It is said that Mr. Parnell will make an important statement on Sunday next in the address which he is to deliver at Limerick.

A cyclone passed east of Sherman, Texas, yesterday afternoon. Several houses were blown down, an infant was killed and four adults seriously wounded.

Samuel McGlenen, employed at the Union Mills, at Ballston Spa, N. Y., was yesterday drawn between two hot cylinders and crushed and roasted to death.

While working on a church tower at Lancaster, Pa., to-day, the scaffolding broke and three men were thrown to the ground, a distance of 50 feet. All were fatally injured.

It is said that at Wednesday's meeting of the American Glass Co's executive committee in Pittsburgh, action was taken which means practically the abandonment of that gigantic enterprise.

Four men in a wagon drawn by an unmanageable horse, were last night struck by an Illinois Central train at Chicago and one man was instantly killed, and the three others fatally injured.

It is said in Pittsburgh, that nineteen of the leading table glass manufacturers of Pennsylvania and West Virginia have formed a combine with the object of avoiding waste of money during dull seasons.

Bitterly cold weather now prevails in Paris and is causing much distress among the poorer classes. The bodies of three persons who had been frozen to death during the night were picked up in the streets this morning.

The republican members of both branches of the California legislature held a caucus last night, and unanimously re-nominated Leland Stanford for U. S. Senator. Democrats decided to give their complimentary vote to Stephen M. White.

Advices from the Caroline Islands state that the natives have killed 300 foreigners including 190 Spanish soldiers and have looted and burned the houses of all missionaries at Ponape. The natives of the whole group are excited and more massacres are feared.

Trouble is reported in Chili because the President will not call Congress to pass some laws which, it is said, would be concessions to the lower classes.

The village of Springfield, Conn., at the head of Otsego Lake, New York, was in flames at 12:30 p. m. to-day. Aid has been sent.

Ex-President Cleveland will participate in the festivities in Philadelphia to-night in celebration of Jackson Day.

Governor Russell, of Massachusetts, to the oath of office to-day.

Mr. Gladstone says he has made no offer of office to Mr. Parnell.

Virginia's Public Debt.

The report of his Second Auditor on the public debt of the State for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1880, has been issued. It shows: Bonds and certificates outstanding October 1, 1880, \$32,215,612.03. By whom held—Sinking fund, Riddieberger's, \$2,327,576.03; Literary fund, Riddieberger's, \$1,320,827.28; Virginia colleges, old unfunded bonds, including those of 1857-7, consols, totalling, and 10-40's, \$2,409,255.85; Board of Public Works, Riddieberger's, \$173,900; United States Government old unfunded bonds, \$581,800; insurance companies' deposits, consols, \$20,000; 10-40's, \$46,300; Riddieberger's, \$85,220. Total, \$151,520. General public, old unfunded bonds, \$1,269,483.12; 1866-7 bonds, \$161,388-80; consols, \$12,800,000; 70's, \$512,434.28; 10-40's, \$5,917,906; Riddieberger's, \$1,433,651.09; making the aggregate face value of these bonds \$32,215,612. Receipts and disbursements on account of the payments of interest in the public debt were as follows: Amount of receipts from all sources, \$442,926.14; amount of disbursements, \$339,534.77; balance in the treasury, October 1, 1880, \$103,391.37; balance in the treasury corresponding date 1880, \$179.36.

ATTACKED BY AN CROCODIL—An opossum made desperate by hunger, savagely attacked Philip Williams, of Bristol, Tenn., while he was on his way home on Tuesday night carrying a basket filled with provisions. The animal, which was a very large one, was attracted by the smell of the provisions, and the manner in which he went into the fight bespeaks a determination to get into the basket. Mr. Williams, who is a powerful man, had all he could do to keep the fierce little beast from his throat. He kicked the animal away from him several times, but the opossum returned to the attack each time and finally renewed the fight. At last a well-directed kick struck the beast, and Mr. Williams lost no time in smothering it with his head of his foot. The opossum weighed ten pounds, and Mr. Williams had him served up at dinner in honor of Andrew Jackson's birthday.

A freight train of thirty-four cars and the engine ran off the track while passing over a curved trestle near Gaffney City, S. C., on the Richmond & Danville railroad yesterday. The boiler of the engine exploded and the cars and contents were badly wrecked and ruined. The engineer, fireman and two brakemen were instantly killed and three trainmen were seriously injured.

A passenger train on the Newport News and Mississippi Valley road plunged through a trestle on Tuesday three miles east of Stephens, Ky., near Ed. Hillman, of Huntington, W. Va., and Fireman Ed. McNeil, of Kilkree, were both instantly killed. The trestle broke while the train was running at a slow rate of speed, and this saved the lives of the passengers. The engine, tender and express car dropped through the breach and the wreck took fire. The body of the engineer was dragged from the wreck, but McNeil's could not be extricated and was consumed in the flames.

DIED.
On Wednesday, January 7th, at 3:25 p. m., Mrs. PAUL RICHARDS, aged seventy years.

The funeral will take place from her late residence, 725 south Washington street, to-morrow (Friday) afternoon at two o'clock. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

DRY GOODS.
WOODWARD & LOTHROP

Thursday, Jan. 8, 1891.

Four great departments are in the full tide of January sales this week: Men's Unlaundered Shirts, Ladies' and Children's Muslin Underwear, Housekeeping Linens, and Embroideries.

In conjunction with these sales we offer to-day a lot of

HIGH-CLASS FURS
At Surprisingly
LOW PRICES.

Capes.
\$47.50 F. each Seal Capes, extra storm collar of real marten, \$25.
\$27.50 Krimmer Capes, \$20.
\$18 French seal Capes, \$25.
\$7 Blackoney Capes, \$5.

Muffs.
\$6 Astrakhan Muff, \$1.5